# AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2020 THANG LOI REAL ESTATE JOINT STOCK COMPANY

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#### REPORT OF THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS

for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2020

The Board of Directors respectfully submits this report together with the audited financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2020.

#### 1. General information about the Company

#### **Establishment**

Thang Loi Real Estate Joint Stock Company (referred to as "the Company"), formerly known as Nha Viet Dat Viet Real Estate Joint Stock Company, operates under the Business Registration Certificate No. 0310151834, registered for the first time on July 14, 2010 issued by the Department of Planning and Investment of Ho Chi Minh City. The 15th amendment of the business registration certificate dated December 25, 2020 on the increase of charter capital from VND 250,000,000,000 to VND 400,000,000.

Form of equity ownership Joint Stock Company

#### **Business activities of the Company:**

Consultant, broker, real estate auction, the auction of land use rights

Doing business in real estate, land use rights of the owner, user or lessee;

English name: THANG LOI REAL ESTATE JOINT STOCK COMPANY.

Abbreviation name: THANG LOI REAL ESTATE., JSC.

**Headquarters** No. 51 Kinh Duong Vuong, Ward 12, District 6, Ho Chi Minh City, Vietnam.

#### 2. Financial situation and operating results:

The financial position and results of operations of the Company are shown in the attached financial statements.

# 3. Member of the Board of Directors, the Supervisory Board, the Board of General Directors and Chief Accountant

Members of the Board of Directors, the Supervisory Board, the Board of General Directors and Chief Accountant during the year and up to the date of the financial statements include:

#### **Board of Directors**

Mr:	Duong Long Thanh	Chairman
Mr:	Nguyen Thanh Quyen	Member
Ms	Dao Thi Thao Uyen	Member
Mr:	Loan Van Son	Member
Mr:	Phan Minh Hoang	Member

### **Board of Supervisors**

Ms. To Thi Thuy Ha the Head

#### **Board of Management and Chief Accountant**

#### REPORT OF THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS

for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2020

Mr: Nguyen Thanh Quyen General Director (Appointed according to Decision No. 86/QD-

TL dated October 1, 2020)

Mr: Duong Long Thanh General Director (Resigned according to Decision No. 85/QD-

TL dated October 1, 2020)

Mr: Phan Minh Hoang Deputy General Director (Appointed according to Decision No.

87/QD-TL dated October 1, 2020)

Mr: Bui Duc Trung Chief Accountant (Resigned according to Decision No. 51/QD-

TL dated June 1, 2020)

Ms Nguyen Thi Anh Thu Chief Accountant (Appointed according to Decision No.

52/QD-TL dated June 1, 2020)

# The legal representative of the Company during the year and to the date of the financial statement is as follows:

Mr: Duong Long Thanh Chairman of the Board of Directors

Mr: Nguyen Thanh Quyen General Director

Mr: Phan Minh Hoang Deputy General Director

#### 4. Independent audit

Auditing and Informatic Services Co., Ltd. ("AISC") was appointed as an auditor for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2020.

#### 5. Commitment of the Board of Directors and the Board of General Directors

The Board of Directors and the Board of General Directors is responsible for preparing the financial statements that honestly and reasonably represent the Company's financial position as of December 31, 2020, the results of operations and cash flows for the financial year then ended. During preparing this financial statement, the Board of Directors and the Board of General Directors have considered and complied with the following matters:

- Select appropriate accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- Make judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- The financial statements are prepared on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the Company will continue in business.

The Board of Directors and the Board of General Directors is responsible for ensuring that proper accounting records are kept which are prepared and kept in the Company's financial standing, at all times and on a regular basis for preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting standards is included in the notes to the financial statements. The Board of Directors and the Board of General Directors is also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the Company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

# THANG LOI REAL ESTATE JOINT STOCK COMPANY REPORT OF THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS

for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2020

#### 6. Confirmation

In the opinion of the Board of Directors, we certify that the financial statements include the balance sheet as of December 31, 2020, the statement of income, the statement of cash flows and the accompanying notes are an expression of a true and fair view of the financial position and results of its operations and cash flows for the year then ended on December 31, 2020.

The financial statements of the Company are prepared in accordance with Vietnamese Accounting Standards and Policies.

Ho Chi Minh City March 29, 2021

On behalf of the Board of General Directors

Nguyen Thanh Quyen

General Director

#### No.: C0920345-R/AISC-DN5

# Dear: THE SHAREHOLDERS, BOARD OF MANAGEMENT AND BOARD OF GENERAL DIRECTORS

#### THANG LOI REAL ESTATE JOINT STOCK COMPANY

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Thang Loi Real Estate Joint Stock Company (hereinafter referred to as "the Company"), made on March 29, 2020, from page 05 to page 41, including the Balance Sheet as of December 31, 2020, Income Statement, cash flow statement for the fiscal year ended on the same day and Notes to the financial statements.

#### **Responsibilities of the Board of General Directors**

The Board of Management is responsible for making and presenting honest and reasonableness of the consolidated financial statements of the Company in accordance with accounting standards, Vietnamese accounting policy for enterprises and other legal regulations related to the preparation and presentation of financial reports; is responsible for the internal controls that the Board of Management deems necessary to ensure that the preparation and presentation of the financial statements are free of material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### **Responsibilities of the Auditor**

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the financial statement based on auditing results. We conducted our audit in accordance with Vietnamese Auditing Standards. These standards require that we must comply with industry standards and regulations, plan and execute the audit to obtain reasonable assurance on whether the Company's Financial statements are free from material misstatement or not.

An audit involves to perform procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The selected procedures are based on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements due to fraud or error. When assessing these risks, the auditor considers the Company's internal controls relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate to actual situations, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal controls. An audit also includes assessing the appropriateness of accounting used policies and the reasonableness of estimates made by the Board of General Directors, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

#### **Auditor's Opinions**

In our opinion, the Separate financial statements give a true and fair view, in all material respects, of the financial position of Thang Loi Real Estate Joint Stock Company at December 31, 2020, as well as the Income statement, Cash flows statement for the fiscal year ended on the same day, in accordance with the accounting standards and regime of Vietnam and the legal provisions relating to the preparation and presentation of financial statements.

# Ho Chi Minh City March 29, 2021

# ON BEHALF OF GENERAL DIRECTOR DEPUTY GENERAL DIRECTOR

### **AUDITORS**

#### DAU NGUYEN LY HANG

Number of Audit Practice Registration Certificate: 1169-2018-005-1

Issued by Ministry of Finance of Vietnam

#### **DO THI HANG**

Number of Audit Practice Registration Certificate: 4226-2018-005-1 Issued by Ministry of Finance of Vietnam

Unit: Vietnam dong

# **BALANCE SHEET**

As of December 31, 2020

A CLIDDENIE ACCEPC 100 100 452 000 345 (50 ) (50 000 50)	
A. CURRENT ASSETS 100 473,882,315,628 672,933,781	l <b>,585</b>
I. Cash and cash equivalents 110 V.1 27,881,409,415 19,774,453	3,149
1. Cash 111 16,737,740,669 19,774,453	3,149
2. Cash equivalents 112 11,143,668,746	-
II. Short-term financial investments 120 -	-
1. Securities trading 121 -	-
2. Provision for impairment of trading 122 -	-
securities	
3. Investment held to maturity date 123 -	-
III. Short-term receivables 130 152,876,765,190 234,702,256	5,889
1. Short-term trade receivables 131 V.3 39,760,183,726 43,745,445	5,522
2. Short-term advances to suppliers 132 V.4 82,085,604,171 61,089,755	5,137
3. Short-term intra-company receivables 133 -	-
4. Receivables under schedule of 134 -	-
construction contract	
5. Short-term loans receivables 135 -	-
6. Other short-term receivables 136 V.5 32,773,869,780 132,244,045	5,343
7. Provision for short-term doubtful 137 V.3,4.5 (1,742,892,487) (2,376,989,	,113)
receivables	
8. Shortage of assets awaiting resolution 139 -	-
IV. Inventory 140 V.7 290,690,446,701 406,629,374	1,489
1. Inventory 141 290,690,446,701 406,629,374	1,489
2. Provision for inventory discount 149 -	-
V. Other short-term assets 150 2,433,694,322 11,827,697	
1. Short-term prepaid expenses 151 V.10a 548,300,092 237,601	,719
2. Value added tax deducted 152 1,885,394,230 11,590,095	5,339
3. Taxes and other receivables from State 153 -	-
4. Government bonds purchased for resale 154 -	-
5. Other short-term assets 155 -	-

Unit: Vietnam dong

## **BALANCE SHEET**

As of December 31, 2020

B. NON-CURRENT ASSETS	ASSETS	Code	Notes	31/12/2020	01/01/2020
1. Long-term receivables from customers       211       — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — —	B. NON-CURRENT ASSETS	200		606,987,268,189	311,254,373,839
2. Long-term prepayments to suppliers       212       -       -       -         3. Working capital provided to sub-units       213       -       -       -         4. Long term internal receivables       214       -       -       -         5. Long-term loans receivables       215       -       61,000,000,000       -         6. Other long-term receivables       216       -       -       -       -         7. Provision for long-term bad receivables       219       -       -       -       -       -       -         1. Fixed assets       220       130,173,570,262       134,268,785,315       1.       1. Tangible fixed assets       221       V.8       19,733,317,974       23,786,033,027       -	I. Non -current receivables	210		-	61,000,000,000
3. Working capital provided to sub-units 4. Long term internal receivables 5. Long-term loans receivables 6. Other long-term receivables 7. Provision for long-term bad receivables 7. Provision for long-term bad receivables 7. Provision for long-term bad receivables 8. Long-term fixed assets 8. Long-term dealer secivables 8. Long-term dealer depreciation 8. Long-term dealer secivables 8. Long-term dealer dealer dealer secivables 8. Long-term dealer de	1. Long-term receivables from customers	211		-	-
4. Long term internal receivables       214       - 61,000,000,000         5. Long-term loans receivables       215       - 61,000,000,000         6. Other long-term receivables       216	2. Long-term prepayments to suppliers	212		-	-
4. Long term internal receivables       214       —       —       61,000,000,000         5. Long-term loans receivables       215       —       61,000,000,000         6. Other long-term receivables       216       —       —         7. Provision for long-term bad receivables       219       —       —         7. Provision for long-term bad receivables       220       130,173,570,262       134,268,785,315         1. Tangible fixed assets       221       V.8       19,733,317,974       23,786,033,027         2. Cost/ Historical cost       222       32,894,606,588       30,862,753,862         2. Leased fixed assets       224       —       —         2. Leased fixed assets       224       —       —         2. Cost/ Historical cost       225       —       —         3. Intangible fixed assets       227       V.9       110,440,252,288       110,644,252,288         2. Cost/ Historical cost       228       110,644,252,288       110,644,252,288         2. Accumulated depreciation       229       (204,000,000)       (161) 500,000         III. Investment properties       230       —       —       —         2. Cost/ Historical cost       231       —       —       —	3. Working capital provided to sub-units	213		-	-
5. Long-term loans receivables         215         - 6,000,000,000           6. Other long-term receivables         216		214		-	-
7. Provision for long-term bad receivables         219         1. Fixed assets         220         130,173,570,262         134,268,785,315         1. Tangible fixed assets         221         V.8         19,733,317,974         23,786,033,027         23,786,033,027         2. Tangible fixed assets         222         32,894,606,588         30,862,753,862         30,862,753,862         30,862,753,862         2. Leased fixed assets         224         (7,076,720,835)         -	5. Long-term loans receivables	215		-	61,000,000,000
II. Fixed assets	6. Other long-term receivables	216		-	-
1. Tangible fixed assets       221       V.8       19,733,317,974       23,786,033,027         - Cost/ Historical cost       222       32,894,606,588       30,862,753,862         - Accumulated depreciation       223       (13,161,288,614)       (7,076,720,835)         2. Leased fixed assets       224       -       -         - Cost/ Historical cost       225       -       -         - Accumulated depreciation       226       -       -         3. Intangible fixed assets       227       V.9       110,440,252,288       110,644,252,288         - Cost/ Historical cost       228       110,644,252,288       110,644,252,288         - Accumulated depreciation       229       (204,000,000)       (161) 500,000         III. Investment properties       230       -       -         - Cost/ Historical cost       231       -       -         - Accumulated depreciation       232       -       -         IV. Long-term sesets in progress       240       61,132,045       207,218,700         1. Cost for work in process       241       -       -         2. Construction cost in progress       242       61,132,045       207,218,700         V. Long-term financial assets       250       V.2	7. Provision for long-term bad receivables	219		-	-
- Cost/ Historical cost	II. Fixed assets	220		130,173,570,262	134,268,785,315
- Accumulated depreciation	1. Tangible fixed assets	221	V.8	19,733,317,974	23,786,033,027
- Accumulated depreciation 2. Leased fixed assets 2. Leased fixed assets 2. Leased fixed assets 2. Cost/ Historical cost 2. Accumulated depreciation 2. Intangible fixed assets 2. Cost/ Historical cost 2. Cost/ Historical	- Cost/ Historical cost	222		32,894,606,588	30,862,753,862
2. Leased fixed assets - Cost/ Historical cost - Accumulated depreciation 226 3. Intangible fixed assets - Cost/ Historical cost - Accumulated depreciation 227 V.9 110,440,252,288 110,644,252,288 120,644,824 110,644,252,288 110,644,252,288 110,644,252,28 110,644,252,28 10,64,250,28 110,64,250,28 110,64,250,28 110,64,250,28 110,64,25	- Accumulated depreciation	223		(13,161,288,614)	(7,076,720,835)
- Accumulated depreciation 3. Intangible fixed assets - Cost/ Historical cost - Accumulated depreciation 228 - Accumulated depreciation 229 - (204,000,000)  III. Investment properties - Cost/ Historical cost - Accumulated depreciation 229 - (204,000,000)  III. Investment properties - Cost/ Historical cost - Accumulated depreciation 231 - Accumulated depreciation 232 - Accumulated depreciation 232 - Accumulated depreciation 232 - Cost/ Historical cost - Accumulated depreciation 232 - Cost / U. Long-term assets in progress 240 - Cost for work in process 241 2. Construction cost in progress 242 - Construction cost in progress 244 - Construction cost in progress 245 - V. Long-term financial assets 250 - V. Long-term financial assets 251 - 472,062,000,000 20,010,725,000 21. Investment in other units 253	-	224		-	-
3. Intangible fixed assets       227       V.9       110,440,252,288       110,644,252,288         - Cost/ Historical cost       228       110,644,252,288       110,644,252,288         - Accumulated depreciation       229       (204,000,000)       (161) 500,000)         III. Investment properties       230       -       -         - Cost/ Historical cost       231       -       -         - Accumulated depreciation       232       -       -         I. Long-term assets in progress       240       61,132,045       207,218,700         1. Cost for work in process       241       -       -         2. Construction cost in progress       242       61,132,045       207,218,700         V. Long-term financial assets       250       V.2       474,898,648,610       109,810,725,000         1. Investments in subsidiaries       251       472,062,000,000       89,800,000,000         2. Invest in joint ventures, associates       252       10,357,000,000       20,010,725,000         3. Investment in other units       253       -       -         4. Provision for long-term financial investments       255       -       -         5. Investment held to maturity date       255       -       -         VI. Othe	- Cost/ Historical cost	225		-	-
- Cost/ Historical cost	- Accumulated depreciation	226		-	-
- Cost/ Historical cost	3. Intangible fixed assets	227	V.9	110,440,252,288	110,482,752,288
- Accumulated depreciation		228		110,644,252,288	110,644,252,288
III. Investment properties   230	- Accumulated depreciation	229			
- Cost/ Historical cost	<del>-</del>			-	-
IV. Long-term assets in progress       240       61,132,045       207,218,700         1. Cost for work in process       241       -       -         2. Construction cost in progress       242       61,132,045       207,218,700         V. Long-term financial assets       250       V.2       474,898,648,610       109,810,725,000         1. Investments in subsidiaries       251       472,062,000,000       89,800,000,000         2. Invest in joint ventures, associates       252       10,357,000,000       20,010,725,000         3. Investment in other units       253       -       -         4. Provision for long-term financial investments       254       (7,520,351,390)       -         5. Investment held to maturity date       255       -       -         VI. Other long-term assets       260       1,853,917,272       5,967,644,824         1. Long-term prepaid expenses       261       V.10b       1,853,917,272       5,967,644,824         2. Deferred income tax assets       262       -       -       -         3. Long-term equipment and spare parts for replacement       263       -       -       -         4. Other long-term assets       268       -       -       -		231		-	-
1. Cost for work in process       241       -       -       -         2. Construction cost in progress       242       61,132,045       207,218,700         V. Long-term financial assets       250       V.2       474,898,648,610       109,810,725,000         1. Investments in subsidiaries       251       472,062,000,000       89,800,000,000         2. Invest in joint ventures, associates       252       10,357,000,000       20,010,725,000         3. Investment in other units       253       -       -         4. Provision for long-term financial investments       254       (7,520,351,390)       -         5. Investment held to maturity date       255       -       -         VI. Other long-term assets       260       1,853,917,272       5,967,644,824         1. Long-term prepaid expenses       261       V.10b       1,853,917,272       5,967,644,824         2. Deferred income tax assets       262       -       -       -         3. Long-term equipment and spare parts for replacement       263       -       -       -         4. Other long-term assets       268       -       -       -	- Accumulated depreciation	232		-	-
2. Construction cost in progress       242       61,132,045       207,218,700         V. Long-term financial assets       250       V.2       474,898,648,610       109,810,725,000         1. Investments in subsidiaries       251       472,062,000,000       89,800,000,000         2. Invest in joint ventures, associates       252       10,357,000,000       20,010,725,000         3. Investment in other units       253       -       -         4. Provision for long-term financial investments       254       (7,520,351,390)       -         5. Investment held to maturity date       255       -       -         VI. Other long-term assets       260       1,853,917,272       5,967,644,824         2. Deferred income tax assets       262       -       -         3. Long-term equipment and spare parts for replacement       263       -       -         4. Other long-term assets       268       -       -	IV. Long-term assets in progress	240		61,132,045	207,218,700
V. Long-term financial assets       250       V.2       474,898,648,610       109,810,725,000         1. Investments in subsidiaries       251       472,062,000,000       89,800,000,000         2. Invest in joint ventures, associates       252       10,357,000,000       20,010,725,000         3. Investment in other units       253       -       -         4. Provision for long-term financial investments       254       (7,520,351,390)       -         5. Investment held to maturity date       255       -       -       -         VI. Other long-term assets       260       1,853,917,272       5,967,644,824         1. Long-term prepaid expenses       261       V.10b       1,853,917,272       5,967,644,824         2. Deferred income tax assets       262       -       -       -         3. Long-term equipment and spare parts for replacement       263       -       -       -         4. Other long-term assets       268       -       -       -	1. Cost for work in process	241		-	-
V. Long-term financial assets       250       V.2       474,898,648,610       109,810,725,000         1. Investments in subsidiaries       251       472,062,000,000       89,800,000,000         2. Invest in joint ventures, associates       252       10,357,000,000       20,010,725,000         3. Investment in other units       253       -       -         4. Provision for long-term financial investments       254       (7,520,351,390)       -         5. Investment held to maturity date       255       -       -       -         VI. Other long-term assets       260       1,853,917,272       5,967,644,824         1. Long-term prepaid expenses       261       V.10b       1,853,917,272       5,967,644,824         2. Deferred income tax assets       262       -       -       -         3. Long-term equipment and spare parts for replacement       263       -       -       -         4. Other long-term assets       268       -       -       -	2. Construction cost in progress	242		61,132,045	207,218,700
2. Invest in joint ventures, associates       252       10,357,000,000       20,010,725,000         3. Investment in other units       253       -       -         4. Provision for long-term financial investments       254       (7,520,351,390)       -         5. Investment held to maturity date       255       -       -         VI. Other long-term assets       260       1,853,917,272       5,967,644,824         1. Long-term prepaid expenses       261       V.10b       1,853,917,272       5,967,644,824         2. Deferred income tax assets       262       -       -         3. Long-term equipment and spare parts for replacement       263       -       -         4. Other long-term assets       268       -       -		250	<b>V.2</b>	474,898,648,610	109,810,725,000
3. Investment in other units 4. Provision for long-term financial 254 (7,520,351,390) - investments 5. Investment held to maturity date 255 VI. Other long-term assets 1. Long-term prepaid expenses 260 1,853,917,272 5,967,644,824 2. Deferred income tax assets 262 262 3. Long-term equipment and spare parts 4. Other long-term assets 268	1. Investments in subsidiaries	251		472,062,000,000	89,800,000,000
4. Provision for long-term financial investments       254       (7,520,351,390)       -         5. Investment held to maturity date       255       -       -         VI. Other long-term assets       260       1,853,917,272       5,967,644,824         1. Long-term prepaid expenses       261       V.10b       1,853,917,272       5,967,644,824         2. Deferred income tax assets       262       -       -         3. Long-term equipment and spare parts for replacement       263       -       -         4. Other long-term assets       268       -       -	2. Invest in joint ventures, associates	252		10,357,000,000	20,010,725,000
investments 5. Investment held to maturity date 255  VI. Other long-term assets 260 1,853,917,272 5,967,644,824 1. Long-term prepaid expenses 261 2. Deferred income tax assets 262 3. Long-term equipment and spare parts 4. Other long-term assets 268	3. Investment in other units	253		-	-
5. Investment held to maturity date 255  VI. Other long-term assets 260 1,853,917,272 5,967,644,824 1. Long-term prepaid expenses 261 2. Deferred income tax assets 262 3. Long-term equipment and spare parts for replacement 4. Other long-term assets 268	4. Provision for long-term financial	254		(7,520,351,390)	-
VI. Other long-term assets       260       1,853,917,272       5,967,644,824         1. Long-term prepaid expenses       261       V.10b       1,853,917,272       5,967,644,824         2. Deferred income tax assets       262       -       -         3. Long-term equipment and spare parts for replacement       263       -       -         4. Other long-term assets       268       -       -       -	investments				
1. Long-term prepaid expenses 261 V.10b 1,853,917,272 5,967,644,824 2. Deferred income tax assets 262 3. Long-term equipment and spare parts for replacement 4. Other long-term assets 268	5. Investment held to maturity date	255		-	-
2. Deferred income tax assets 262 3. Long-term equipment and spare parts for replacement 4. Other long-term assets 268	VI. Other long-term assets	260		1,853,917,272	5,967,644,824
3. Long-term equipment and spare parts 263 - for replacement 4. Other long-term assets 268	1. Long-term prepaid expenses	261	V.10b	1,853,917,272	5,967,644,824
for replacement 4. Other long-term assets 268	2. Deferred income tax assets	262		-	-
4. Other long-term assets 268	3. Long-term equipment and spare parts	263		-	-
	for replacement				
TOTAL ASSETS 270 1.080.860.583.817 084.188.155.424	4. Other long-term assets	268		-	-
101AL ASSE15 2/0 1,000,507,503,617 704,100,133,424	TOTAL ASSETS	270		1,080,869,583,817	984,188,155,424

Unit: Vietnam dong

# THANG LOI REAL ESTATE JOINT STOCK COMPANY

# **BALANCE SHEET**

As of December 31, 2020

	CAPITAL	Code	No tes	31/12/2020	01/01/2020
C.	LIABILITIES	300		584,103,414,156	716,198,223,020
I.	Current liabilities	310		388,177,518,556	701,140,890,748
1.	Short-term trade payables	311	V.11	28,132,239,747	55,748,975,177
2.	Short-term advances from customers	312	V.12	47,320,340,320	103,552,869,890
3.	Taxes and other payables to State	313	V.13	16,971,007,979	10,239,106,395
	budget				
4.	Payables to employees	314		7,233,747,372	3,905,350,420
5.	Short-term accrued expenses	315	V.14	7,502,429,260	32,385,458,416
6.	Short-term intra-company payables	316		-	-
7.	Payables under schedule of	317		-	-
	construction contract				
8.	Short-term unrealized revenue	318		1,890,926,493	1,969,327,820
9.	Other short-term payables	319	V.15a	201,184,335,459	441,790,246,254
	Short-term loans and borrowings	320	V. 16a,b	75,270,445,884	51,549,556,376
	Provision of short-term payables	321		-	-
	Bonus and welfare	322		2,672,046,042	-
	Price stabilization fund	323		-	-
14.	Government bonds purchased for resale	324		-	-
II.	Non-current liabilities	330		195,925,895,600	15,057,332,272
1.	Long-term accounts payable to suppliers	331		-	-
2.	Long-term deferred revenue	332		-	-
3.	Long-term accrued expenses	333		-	-
4.	Intra-company payables for operating capital received	334		-	-
5.	Long-term intercompany payables	335		-	-
6.	Long-term unrealized turnover	336		-	-
7.	Other long-term payables	337	V.15b	178,182,708,392	105,000,000
	Long-term borrowings and finance	338	V.16c	17,743,187,208	14,952,332,272
	lease liabilities				
9.	Convertible bonds	339		-	-
10.	Preferred shares	340		-	-
11.	Payable deferred income tax	341		-	-
	Long-term provisions	342		-	-
	Funds for science and technology development	343		-	-

Form B 01 - DN

Unit: Vietnam dong

## **BALANCE SHEET**

As of December 31, 2020

	CAPITAL	Code	No tes	31/12/2020	01/01/2020
D	OWNER'S EQUITY	400		496,766,169,661	267,989,932,404
1	Equity	410	V.17	496,766,169,661	267,989,932,404
	Capital contributed by the owner	411		400,000,000,000	200,000,000,000
	- Common shares with voting rights	411a		400,000,000,000	200,000,000,000
	- Preferred shares	411b		-	-
2	Share premium	412		-	-
3	Option to convert bonds	413		-	-
4	Other capital of the owner	414		-	-
5	Treasury share	415		-	-
6	Asset revaluation difference	416		-	-
7	Exchange rate differences	417		-	-
8	Development & investment fund	418		-	-
9	Enterprise reorganization assistance fund	419		-	-
10	Other equity funds	420		-	-
11	Undistributed earnings	421		96,766,169,661	67,989,932,404
	- Undistributed profit after tax brought forward	421a		14,989,932,404	27,766,556,875
	- Undistributed profit after tax for the current year	421b		81,776,237,257	40,223,375,529
12	Capital expenditure funds	422		-	-
II.	Funding sources and other funds	430		-	-
1	Funding	431		-	-
2	Funds formed fixed assets	432		-	-
	TOTAL LIABILITIES AND OWNER'S EQUITY	440		1,080,869,583,817	984,188,155,424

Ho Chi Minh City, March 29, 2021

Prepared by Chief accountant General Director

Nguyen Thi Thue Huan Nguyen Thi Anh Thu Nguyen Thanh Quyen

## **INCOME STATEMENT**

Form B 02 - DN

Unit: Vietnam dong

for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2020

TARGETS	Code	Notes	<b>Year 2020</b>	<b>Year 2019</b>
1. Revenues from sales and services	01	VI. 1	580,212,743,998	349,506,169,116
2. Revenue deductions	02	VI .2	7,837,726,900	8,350,898,022
3. Net revenues from sale of goods and	10	VI .3	572,375,017,098	341,155,271,094
rendering of services				
4. Cost of goods	11	VI .4	357,120,704,085	183,691,154,880
5. Gross profit from sale of goods and	20		215,254,313,013	157,464,116,214
provision of services (20=10-11)				
6. Financial income	21	VI. 5	10,431,173,000	635,361,587
7. Expenses from financial activities	22	VI .6	25,602,546,299	7,638,574,289
In which: Interest expenses	23		18,082,194,909	7,638,574,289
8. Selling expenses	25	VI.7a	34,965,249,385	57,980,411,723
9. General and administration expenses	26	VI.7b	58,361,577,230	41,679,050,965
10. Net profit from business operations	30		106,756,113,099	50,801,440,824
(30 = 20 + (21 - 22) - (25 + 26))				
11. Other income	31	VI. 8	1,289,966,133	480,392,062
12. Other expenses	32	VI.9	4,668,045,145	552,156,886
13. Other profit $(40 = 31 - 32)$	40		(3,378,079,012)	(71,764,824)
14. Accounting gross profit before tax	50		103,378,034,087	50,729,676,000
(50 = 30 + 40)				
15. Expense from current Corporate	51	VI.11	21,601,796,830	10,506,300,471
income tax				
16. Deferred corporate income tax	52		-	-
expense				
17. Profit after corporate income tax	60		81,776,237,257	40,223,375,529
(60 = 50-51-52)			, ,	
			Ho Chi Minh City,	March 29, 2021

Prepared by Chief accountant General Director

Nguyen Thi Thue Huan Nguyen Thi Anh Thu Nguyen Thanh Quyen

## STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

Form B 03 - DN

Unit: Vietnam dong

(Indirect method)

for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2020

TARGETS	Code	Notes	Year 2020	Year 2019
I. CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING AC	TIVITII	ES		
1. Accounting profit before tax	01		103,378,034,087	50,729,676,000
2. Adjustments of amounts:				
- Depreciation of fixed assets and investment	02	V.8,9	6,329,272,695	5,561,075,748
properties				
- Provisions	03	VI. 6.7	9,263,243,877	1,188,494,556
- Foreign exchange difference gains and				
losses due to revaluation of monetary items of	04		-	-
foreign currencies				
- Profit, loss from investing activities	05		(10,394,077,916)	(1,831,449,258)
- Interest expenses	06	VI. 6	18,082,194,909	7,638,574,289
- Other adjustment items	07		-	-
3. Profit from operating activities before				
changing working capital	08		126,658,667,652	63,286,371,335
- Increase (-), decrease (+) in receivables	09		19,787,300,321	39,076,607,319
- Increase (-), decrease (+) in inventories	10		115,938,927,788	(328,507,381,901)
- Increase (-) or decrease (+) in payables				
(Excluding interest payable, corporate income	11		(168, 350, 030, 143)	396,523,429,065
tax payable)			, , ,	
- Increase (-) or decrease (+) in prepaid	12		3,803,029,179	(4,981,923,074)
expenses			, , ,	, , , , ,
- Increase (-) or decrease (+) in trading				
securities	13		-	-
- Paid loan interest	14		(18,082,194,909)	(7,638,574,289)
- Paid corporate income tax	15	V. 13	(14,530,366,037)	(5,426,166,099)
- Other proceeds from operating activities	16		-	-
- Other payments for operating activities	17		(327,953,958)	-
Net cash flow from operating activities				
1 6	20		64,897,379,893	152,332,362,355
II. CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTMENT A		ΓIES	- , , ,	-
1. Expenses for procurement, construction of				
fixed assets and other long-term assets	21		(2,888,702,435)	(3,684,311,078)
2. Proceeds from liquidation, sale of fixed			( ,,, ,,	(-,,-,-,-,-,-,-,-,-,-,-,-,-,-,-,-,-,-
assets and other long term assets	22		763,636,364	-
3. Loans to and payments for purchase of debt			, ,	
instruments of other entities	23		_	(90,000,000,000)
4. Collections from borrowers and proceeds				(> 0,000,000,000)
from disposal of debt instruments of other	24	IX 1	61,000,000,000	_
entities	2.	111 1	01,000,000,000	
5. Expenditures on equity investments in other	25	IX 1	(302,619,000,000)	(89,805,000,000)
entities			(502,017,000,000)	(0),000,000,000)
6. Recovery of investments in other entities	26		10,725,000	_
7. Interest and dividends received	27		10,431,173,000	6,661,968,437
Net cash flow from investments activities	30		(233,302,168,071)	(176,827,342,641)

## STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

Form B 03 - DN

Unit: Vietnam dong

(Indirect method)

for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2020

TARGETS	Code	Notes	<b>Year 2020</b>	<b>Year 2019</b>				
III. CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES								
1. Proceeds from share issuance, equity	31		150,000,000,000	-				
contribution of the owner								
2. Payment of capital contributed to	32		-	-				
owners, repurchase of shares issued by the								
business								
3. Proceeds from borrowing	33	IX.2	178,792,660,362	56,947,000,000				
4. Repayment of loan principal	34	IX.3	(152,280,915,918)	(66,391,842,992)				
5. Repayment of financial principal	35		-	-				
6. Dividends or profits paid to owners	36		-	-				
Cash flow from financial activities	40		176,511,744,444	(9,444,842,992)				
Net cash flow in the period $(50 = 20 +$	<b>50</b>		8,106,956,266	(33,939,823,278)				
30 + 40)								
Beginning cash and cash equivalents	60		19,774,453,149	53,714,276,427				
Effect of exchange rate fluctuations on	61		-	-				
foreign currency conversion								
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of	<b>70</b>	<b>V.1</b>	27,881,409,415	19,774,453,149				
the year $(70 = 50 + 60 + 61)$								

Ho Chi Minh City, March 29, 2021

Prepared by Chief accountant General Director

Nguyen Thi Thue Huan Nguyen Thi Anh Thu Nguyen Thanh Quyen

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENT

for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2020

# Form B 09 - DN Unit: Vietnam dong

#### I. Operational characteristics of the enterprise

#### 1. Establishment:

Thang Loi Real Estate Joint Stock Company (referred to as "the Company"), formerly known as Nha Viet Dat Viet Real Estate Joint Stock Company, operates under the Business Registration Certificate No. 0310151834, registered for the first time on July 14, 2010 issued by the Department of Planning and Investment of Ho Chi Minh City. The 15th amendment of the business registration certificate dated December 25, 2020 on the increase of charter capital from 250,000,000,000 VND to 400,000,000,000 VND.

### Form of equity ownership Joint stock company

**Headquarters** No. 51 Kinh Duong Vuong, Ward 12, District 6, Ho Chi Minh City, Vietnam.

**2. Business activities:** Real estate investment and business.

#### 3. Business lines

Consultant, broker, real estate auction, the auction of land use rights

Doing business in real estate, land use rights of the owner, user or lessee;

#### 4. Production cycle, normal business.

The production and business cycle of the Company lasts for 12 months according to the usual financial year from January 1 to December 31.

- 5. The Company's operating activities in the financial year affecting the financial statements; None
- **6. Total number of employees as of December 31, 2020:** 128 employees. (31 December 2019: 123 employees)

#### 7. Corporate structure

#### 7.1. List of subsidiaries

as of December 31, 2020, the Company has three (03) directly owned subsidiaries as follows:

Company name and address	Main business lines	Capital contribution ratio	Ownership ratio	Ratio of voting rights
Thanh Long Newtown Co., Ltd	Construction of civil engineering works:	94.8%	94.8%	94.8%

Address: Thang Loi Plaza, Thang Loi Central Hill Residential Area, Provincial Road 835C, Phuoc Loi Commune, Ben Luc District, Tinh Long An, Vietnam.

Central Hill Real Estate	Real estate business	99.0%	99.0%	99.0%
Joint Stock Company				

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENT

Form B 09 - DN

*Unit:* Vietnam dong

for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2020

Address: Thang Loi Plaza, Thang Loi Central Hill Residential Area, Provincial Road 835C, Phuoc Loi Commune, Ben Luc District, Tinh Long An, Vietnam.

Thang Loi Riverside

Construction of

99.0%

99.0%

99.0%

Investment Joint Stock civil engineering

Company (2)

works:

Address: Thang Loi Plaza, Thang Loi Central Hill Residential Area, Provincial Road 835C, Phuoc Loi Commune, Ben Luc District, Tinh Long An, Vietnam.

### 7.2. List of affiliated companies

as of December 31, 2020, the Company has five (05) affiliated companies as follows:

Company name and address	Main business lines	Capital contribution ratio	Ownership ratio	Ratio of voting rights
Thang Loi Tay Nguyen Real Estate Business Investment Joint Stock Company	Real estate business	30%	30%	30%
Address: No. 297 Street Vietnam	No. 7, Binh Tri Dong	B Ward, Binh	Tan District,	Ho Chi Minh City,
Thang Loi Southern Real Estate Business Investment Joint Stock Company	Real estate business	30%	30%	30%
Address: No. 337 Ten L Vietnam	ua, Binh Tri Dong B V	Vard, Binh Ta	n District, Ho	Chi Minh City,
Vinservice	Synthesis support service	40%	40%	40%
Address: No. 51 Kinh D	Duong Vuong, Ward 12	, District 6, H	o Chi Minh C	ity, Vietnam.
Thang Loi Long An Rea Estate JSC	al Consultant, broker, real estate auction, th auction of land use rights	30% ne	30%	30%

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENT

for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2020

Form B 09 - DN

*Unit:* Vietnam dong

Address: Thang Loi Plaza, Thang Loi Central Hill Residential Area, Provincial Road 835C, Phuoc Loi Commune, Ben Luc District, Tinh Long An, Vietnam.

Newland Real Estate Consultant, broker, 45% 45% 45%

Construction Joint Stock real estate auction, Company the auction of land

use rights

Address: No. 51 Kinh Duong Vuong, Ward 12, District 6, Ho Chi Minh City, Vietnam.

#### 8. Declaration on the comparability of information on the financial statements:

The selection of figures and information that need to be presented in the financial statements is made in accordance with the principle of comparability between the corresponding accounting periods.

### II. ACCOUNTING YEAR, MONEYTARY UNIT USED IN ACCOUNTING

### 1. Accounting period

The Company's fiscal year starts on January 1 and ends on December 31 every year.

#### 2. The currency used in accounting

Vietnamese dong (VND) shall be used as a monetary unit for book-keeping entries.

#### III. APPLICABLE ACCOUNTING STANDARDS AND REGIME

#### 1. Applied accounting system

The Company applies the Vietnamese corporate accounting system according to the guidance in Circular No. 200/2014/TT-BTC issued by the Ministry of Finance of Vietnam on December 22, 2014 and the amended and supplemented circulars.

#### 2. Declaration of compliance with accounting standards and accounting

We have done the accounting work in preparing and presenting the financial statements in accordance with Vietnamese accounting standards, Vietnamese corporate accounting regime and related legal provisions. Financial statements have been presented honestly and reasonably about the financial status, business results and cash flows of the enterprise.

The selection of data and information that is required to be disclosed in the Notes to the financial statements is conducted in accordance with the primary principles defined in Vietnamese Accounting Standard No. 21 "Presentation of Financial Statements".

#### IV. APPLIED ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### 1. Principles for recording cash and cash equivalents

Money includes cash, bank deposits without term.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENT

for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2020

Form B 09 - DN

*Unit:* Vietnam dong

**Cash equivalents** include term deposits and short-term investments with original terms not exceeding three months from the date of investment, which are highly liquid and easily convertible into amount of money and there is no risk in converting money.

#### 2. Accounting principles for financial investments

#### Investments in subsidiaries and affiliated companies

Investments in subsidiaries are recognized when the Company holds more than 50% of the voting rights and has the power to govern the financial and operating policies so as to obtain benefits from its activities. When the Company no longer holds control over a subsidiary, the investment in the subsidiary is reduced.

Investments in affiliated companies are recognized when the Company holds between 20% and less than 50% of the voting rights of the investees, which enables them to exercise significant influence in financial and operating policy decisions in these companies.

Investments in subsidiaries and affiliated companies are initially recognized at cost, and thereafter which are not adjusted for changes in the investors' share of the investee's net assets. The original price includes the purchase price and costs directly related to the investment. In case of investment with non-monetary assets, the cost of the investment is recognized at the fair value of the non-monetary asset at the time of arising.

Provision for investment loss in subsidiaries and associates is made when the enterprise receiving the contributed capital suffers a loss leading to the possibility of loss of capital for the Company or when the value of investments in the associate company degraded in value. The basis for making provision for investment loss is the consolidated financial statement of the investee company (if this company is the parent company), the financial statement of the investee company (if the company is an independent business without subsidiaries).

### 3. Principle of recognition of trade receivables and other receivables:

**Accounts receivable:** at historical cost less provision for bad debts.

The classification of receivables as trade and other receivables depending on the nature of the transaction or the relationship between the company and the receivable object.

Provision for bad receivables Provisions for bad receivables are estimated for the amount of impairment of receivables and other held-to-maturity investments of a similar nature as bad receivables which are overdue and not yet overdue but may not be recoverable because the debtors are unable to pay due to bankruptcy or doing business dissolution, disappearance, escape...

#### 4. Principles of recording inventory

Real estate acquired or built for the purpose of sale in the normal course of business of the Company, and not for rental or appreciation, is recognized as inventory. Inventories are determined based on the lower of cost and net realizable value. Cost of inventories includes land use and construction costs, direct costs and other related overheads incurred to bring the inventories to their present location and condition. Net realizable value is the estimated selling

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENT

for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2020

Form B 09 - DN

*Unit:* Vietnam dong

price of inventories in the ordinary production and business period minus the estimated costs to complete and the estimated costs necessary for their sale. When necessary, provisions are made for obsolete, slow-moving, damaged inventories and in cases where cost of inventories is higher than net realizable value.

#### 5. Principle of recording and depreciation of fixed assets

### **5.1 Tangible fixed assets**

Tangible fixed assets are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation. Cost is the total cost that an enterprise must have to acquire a fixed asset by the time it is made available as intended. Costs incurred after the initial recognition are recognized only to the extent that it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the use of the asset will substantially increase. Expenses fail to meet the above conditions are recognized as expenses in the period.

When fixed assets are sold or disposed, the historical cost and accumulated depreciation are written off, and any gain or loss resulting from the disposal is included in the income or expense in the period.

Determining the cost price in each case:

Tangible fixed assets procurement

The cost of a fixed asset comprises its purchase price (minus (-) trade discounts or discounts), taxes (excluding refundable taxes) and expenses directly related to asset availability, such as installation costs, commissioning, expertise and other directly related costs.

#### 5.2 Intangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation. The cost of an intangible fixed asset is the total amount of fees that the enterprise must pay to acquire intangible fixed assets by the time it is intended to be put into use.

Determining the cost price in each case:

Computer software

Computer software is all expenses that the Company has spent up to the time of putting the software into use.

#### 5.3 Depreciation method of fixed assets

Fixed assets are depreciated using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the assets. Estimated useful time is the time that assets are promoted for production and business.

### The estimated useful time of fixed assets are as follows:

Factory, architecture 25 years

Machinery and equipment 3 - 5 years

Means of transport, transmission 6 years

Equipment, management tools 3 -5 years

These notes form an integral part of the Financial Statements

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENT

for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2020

Form B 09 - DN
Unit: Vietnam dong

Computer software

4 years

Indefinite land use rights are stated at cost and are not amortized.

#### 6. Principle of recording the prepaid expenses

Prepaid expenses at the Company include actual expenses incurred but related to the business results of many accounting periods. Prepaid expenses of the Company include the following expenses: tooling, cost of data supply.

Method of distribution of prepaid expenses Calculation and allocation of prepaid expenses to operating expenses each period on a straight-line basis. Based on the nature and extent of each type of expense, the allocation time is as follows: short-term prepaid expenses are allocated within 12 months; long-term prepaid expenses are allocated from 12 months to 36 months.

### 7. Principles of recognizing liabilities

Liabilities payable are recorded at cost and not lower than the obligation to pay.

The Company classifies liabilities as payables to sellers, internal payable, other payables depending on the nature of the transactions arising or the relationship between the company and payable subject.

The liabilities are monitored in detail by due date, payable subject and other factors according to the Company's management needs.

At the time of preparing the financial statements, the Company immediately recognizes a liability when there is evidence that a loss is likely to occur on a prudent basis.

#### 8. Loan recognition principle

The value of borrowings is recorded as the total amount of loans borrowed from banks, organizations, financial company and other entities (excluding loans in the form of bonds or preferential shares issuance with provisions that require the issuer to repurchase at a certain time in the future).

Loans are monitored in detail by each lender, each loan agreement and each type of liabilities.

#### 9. Recognition and capitalization of other loans:

**Borrowing costs** loan interest and other expenses directly related to the borrowings of the enterprise are recorded as expenses of production and business in the period, unless these expenses arise from loans directly related to the investment in construction or production of uncompleted assets shall be included in the value of such assets (capitalized) when it fully meets the conditions prescribed in Accounting Standard No. 16 "Borrowing costs".

The capitalization rate used to determine capitalized borrowing costs in the period; In case of arising general loans, including those used for investment in construction or production of an uncompleted asset, the amount of borrowing expenses eligible for capitalization in each accounting period is determined according to the capitalization rate of the weighted average accumulated cost incurred for the investment in construction or production of such assets. The

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENT

for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2020

Form B 09 - DN
Unit: Vietnam dong

capitalization rate is calculated based on the weighted average interest rate of the outstanding loans in the period of the enterprise. The capitalized borrowing costs in a period cannot exceed the total borrowing costs incurred in that period.

#### 10. The principle of recognition of accrued expenses

Expenses payable include expenses payable for construction costs, fees of external purchases, etc incurred in the reporting period but not yet actually paid. These expenses are recognized based on reasonable estimates of the amount to be paid under specific contracts and agreements.

#### 11. Salary policy and compulsory insurances

Salaries are calculated and set aside for expenses in the period based on the labor contract and salary regulations of the Company. Accordingly, social insurance, health insurance and unemployment insurance are also set aside at the rate of 25.5%, 4.5% and 2% respectively of the employee's salary. The rate of 21.5% will be included in the cost of social insurance, health insurance, unemployment insurance in the period; and 10.5% will be deducted from the employee's salary.

Salaries paid to employees are specified in the labor contract.

### 12. The principle of recognition of equity

### Capital contributed by the owner

Equity is formed from the amount of initial capital contribution and additional contributions of shareholders. Equity is recognized according to the actual capital contributed in cash or in assets calculated at par value of shares issued when newly established, or mobilized more to expand the operation scale of the Company.

#### **Undistributed earnings**

Undistributed earnings it is recognized as profit (or loss) from the business results of the enterprise after deducting (-) the income tax expense of the current period and the adjustments due to the retroactive application accounting policies and retrospectively adjusted key errors of the previous years.

The distribution of profits is based on the Company's charter and approved by the Annual General Meeting of Shareholders.

### 13. Principles and methods of recording revenue, other income

#### Goods sales

Revenue is recognized when meeting the following 5 conditions: 1. The enterprise has transferred the majority of the risks and benefits associated with the ownership of the product, the goods to the buyer; 2. The Company no longer retains management of goods as the owner or control of goods; 3. The revenue can be measured reliably; When a Contract stipulates that a buyer is entitled to return products or goods as purchased under specific conditions, the enterprise can only record the revenue when those specific conditions no longer exist and the buyer cannot return products or goods (except where the customer reserves the right to return

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENT

for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2020

Form B 09 - DN
Unit: Vietnam dong

goods in exchange for other goods or services); 4. The enterprise has or will gain economic benefits from sales transactions; Identify the costs related to the sale.

#### **Revenue of services**

Service provision revenue is recorded when the transaction results are determined reliably. Where the service supply is related to several periods, the revenue is recognized in the period in accordance with the result of the work completed on the preparation date of the Balance Sheet of that period. Revenue from service provision is recognized when all four (4) conditions are simultaneously met: 1. The revenue can be measured reliably: When the contract specifies that the buyer is entitled to return the purchased service under specific conditions, the revenue is only recognized when that particular condition no longer exists and the buyer is not entitled to return the provided service; 2. The Company has or will receive economic benefits from that transaction. 3. Identification of the work completed at the Balance sheet date; 4. Determine the costs incurred for the transaction and the costs to complete the transaction.

If the contract results cannot be determined reliably, revenue will only be recognized at the recoverable level of the recorded expenses.

### 13. Principles and methods of recognizing Revenue and other income (continued)

#### Real estate sales

For projects, work items in which the Company is the investor: Revenue from real estate sales is recognized when all five conditions are satisfied: 1. The real estate has been completely completed and handed over to the buyer, the Company has transferred the risks and benefits associated with the ownership of the real estate to the buyer; 2. The company no longer holds the right to manage the real estate as the owner of the floor real estate or control the real estate; 3. The revenue can be measured reliably; 4. The Company has obtained or will receive economic benefits from the sale of real estate; 5 5. Determine the costs associated with the sale of real estate.

For sales of real estate subdivision selling ground: Revenue is recognized when all four conditions are satisfied: 1. The risks and benefits associated with the land use rights have been transferred to the buyer; 2. The revenue can be measured reliably; 3. Determine the costs related to the transaction of selling the land; 4. The enterprise has obtained or is certain to receive economic benefits from the sale of land.

#### Financial income

Financial income reflects income from interest.

Revenue arising from interest is recognized when two conditions are satisfied simultaneously:

- 1. Be able to benefit from the transaction; 2. The revenue can be measured reliably;
- Interest is recognized on the basis of the real time and interest rates periodically.

When it is impossible to recover an item which was previously recorded in the revenue, the amount likely to be irrecoverable or uncertain must be accounted into expenses incurred in the period and not recorded as revenue reduction.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENT

for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2020

# Form B 09 - DN

### *Unit:* Vietnam dong

#### 14. Principles and methods of recording cost of goods sold

Cost of goods sold reflects the cost value of products, goods, services, and investment properties sold during the period; expenses related to business activities. Investment real estate and other expenses are recognized in cost or reduced in cost in the reporting period. Historical costs are recognized at the time of the transaction, or when there is room for doubt in the future regardless of whether the expenses are paid or not. Cost of goods sold and revenue are recognized on a consistent basis. Expenses in excess of normal consumption are recognized immediately in cost according to the prudential principle.

#### 15. Principles and methods of revenue cost recognition

### Financial expenses include: Borrowing costs;

The financial expenses are recorded in detail for each expense item when actually incurred in the period and are reliably determined when there is sufficient evidence of these expenses.

### 16. Recognition principles and methods of current corporate income tax

Corporate income tax expense includes current corporate tax expense and deferred corporate income tax expense incurred during the year as a basis for determining the corporate income tax results of the Company in the current financial year.

Current corporate income tax expense is the amount of corporate income tax payable on the taxable income during the period and the current corporate income tax rate.

- Taxes payable to the state budget will be specifically settled with the tax authorities. The difference between the payable tax amount according to the books and the settlement inspection data will be adjusted when there is an official settlement with the tax agency.

The corporate income tax rate applicable to the current year at the Company is 20%.

#### 17. Financial instruments

#### **Initial recognition**

#### **Financial assets**

In accordance with Circular No. 210/2009/TT-BTC of November 6, 2009 ("Circular 210"), financial assets are appropriately classified, for disclosure purposes in the financial statements, into financial assets recognized at fair value through the income statement, loans and receivables, held-to-maturity investments and available-for-sale financial assets. The Company determines and classifies these financial assets at the time of initial recognition.

At initial recognition, financial assets are measured at cost plus directly attributable transaction costs.

The Company's financial assets include cash and short-term deposits, trade and other receivables.

#### Financial liabilities

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENT

for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2020

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*Unit:* Vietnam dong

Financial liabilities to the extent of Circular 210, for the purposes of disclosure in the financial statements, are appropriately classified into financial liabilities recognized through the income statement, financial liabilities are measured at their amortized value. The Company determines the classification of financial liabilities at the time of initial recognition.

All financial liabilities are initially recognized at cost plus directly related transaction costs. The Company's financial liabilities include trade payables, other payables, debt and borrowings.

### Value after initial recognition

There is currently no requirement to redefine the value of financial instruments after initial recognition.

#### **Clearing financial instruments**

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount is presented on the financial statement, if and only if, the Company has the legal right to offset any amounts that have already been recognized and intended to offset on a net basis, or acquire assets and settle liabilities at the same time.

### 18. Related parties

Related parties are enterprises, individuals, directly or indirectly through one or more intermediaries, with the control or under control of the Company. Associates, individuals who directly or indirectly hold voting rights and have significant influence over the Company, key management personnel such as the Board of Management, the Board of Directors and the members familiar with the family of individuals or affiliates or affiliated companies is also considered a stakeholder. In considering each of the relationships among stakeholders, the nature of the relationship is noted, not the legal form.

### V. ADDITIONAL INFORMATION FOR ITEMS IN THE BALANCE SHEET

1. Cash and cash equivalents	31/12/2020	01/01/2020
Cash	16,737,740,669	19,774,453,149
Cash on hand	906,724,087	868,356,653
Demand deposits	15,831,016,582	18,906,096,496
Cash equivalents	11,143,668,746	-
Term deposits with a term of less than 3 months	11,143,668,746	-
Total	27,881,409,415	19,774,453,149

#### 2. Financial investments

31/12/2020		01/01/2020		
Original cost	Provision	Original cost	Provision	

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENT

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for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2020

_				
Investments in subsidiaries	472,062,000,000	(5,689,963,863)	89,800,000,000	-
Thanh Long Newtown Company Limited (1)	94,800,000,000	-	89,800,000,000	-
Thang Loi Riverside Investment Joint Stock Company (2)	148,572,000,000	(5,605,571,132)	-	-
Central Hill Real Estate Joint Stock Company (3)	228,690,000,000	(84,392,731)		
Investment in associated companies	10,357,000,000	(1,830,387,527)	20,010,725,000	-
Vinatown Real Estate Investment Joint Stock Company	-	-	20,010,725,000	-
Thang Loi Tay Nguyen Real Estate Business Investment Joint Stock Company (4)	1,762,000,000			
Thang Loi Southern Real Estate Business Investment Joint Stock Company (5)	1,070,000,000			
Vinservice (6)	25,000,000			
Thang Loi Long An Real Estate JSC (7)	3,000,000,000	(1,830,387,527)	-	-
Newland Real Estate Construction Joint Stock Company (8)	4,500,000,000			
Total	482,419,000,000	(7,520,351,390)	109,810,725,000	-

- (1) Thanh Long Newtown Co., Ltd operates under the Business Registration Certificate No. 1101894757 dated October 2, 2020 issued for the 5th time by the Department of Planning and Investment of Long An province with a charter capital of 100,000,000,000 VND. The company has received the transfer from shareholders under the capital contribution transfer contract signed on September 25, 2019, taking control and ownership rate is 94.8%. In 2020, the Company operates normally and is profitable.
- (2) Thang Loi Riverside Investment Joint Stock Company operates under the Business Registration Certificate No. 0314107561 dated September 7, 2020 issued for the 5th time by the

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENT

for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2020

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Department of Planning and Investment of Long An province with a charter capital of 100,000,000,000 VND. The Company has received a transfer from shareholders under the share transfer contract signed on September 30, 2020 with a value of 148,572,000,000 VND (equivalent to 9,900,000 shares) taking control and ownership percentage of 99%. In 2020, this investment has been provisioned according to regulations.

- (3) Central Hill Real Estate Joint Stock Company operates under the Business Registration Certificate No. 1101894549 dated March 25, 2020 issued for the 6th time by the Department of Planning and Investment of Long An province with a charter capital of 70,000,000,000 VND. The Company has received transfers from shareholders under the share transfer contract No. 08/2020/HDCN-CTH signed on March 25, 2020 with a value of 228.690,000,000 VND (equivalent to 6,930,000 shares) accounting for control and ownership rate of 99%. In 2020, this investment has been provisioned according to regulations.
- (4) Thang Loi Tay Nguyen Real Estate Business Investment Joint Stock Company operates under the Business Registration Certificate No. 0316530370 dated October 9, 2020 issued by the Department of Planning and Investment of Ho Chi Minh City for the first time with a charter capital of 20,000,000,000 VND. The company registered to invest and contribute capital of 6,000,000,000 VND (equivalent to 600,000 shares) equivalent to 30% of charter capital. In 2020, Thang Loi Tay Nguyen Real Estate Investment Joint Stock Company has just come into operation.
- (5) Thang Loi Southern Real Estate Business Investment Joint Stock Company operates under the Business Registration Certificate No. 0316543933 dated October 16, 2020 issued by the Department of Planning and Investment of Ho Chi Minh City for the first time with a charter capital of 20,000,000,000 VND. The company registered to invest and contribute capital of 6,000,000,000 VND (equivalent to 600,000 shares) equivalent to 30% of charter capital. In 2020, Thang Loi Southern Real Estate Business Investment Joint Stock Company has just come into operation.
- (6) Winservice Services Business Joint Stock Company operates under the Business Registration Certificate No. 0316539140 dated October 14, 2020 issued for the first time by the Department of Planning and Investment of Ho Chi Minh City with the charter capital of 20,000,000,000 VND. The company registered to invest and contribute capital of 8,000,000,000 VND (equivalent to 800,000 shares) equivalent to 40% of charter capital. In 2020, Winservice Services Business Joint Stock Company has just come into operation.
- (7) Thang Loi Long An Real Estate Joint Stock Company operates under the Business Registration Certificate No. 1101841875 dated September 11, 2020 issued by the Department of Planning and Investment of Long An province with a charter capital of 10,000,000,000 VND. The Company has received the transfer under the transfer contract signed on September 5, 2020 with a value of 3,000,000,000 VND (equivalent to 300,000 shares) equivalent to 30% of charter capital. In 2020, this investment has been provisioned according to regulations.
- (8) Newland Real Estate Construction Joint Stock Company operates under the Business Registration Certificate No. 0312374730 dated July 23, 2020 issued by the Department of

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENT

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for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2020

*Unit:* Vietnam dong

Planning and Investment of Ho Chi Minh City with a charter capital of 10,000,000,000 VND. The Company has received a transfer from shareholders under the transfer contract signed on September 1, 2020 with a value of 4,500,000,000 VND (equivalent to 450,000 shares) equivalent to 45% of charter capital. In 2020, Newland Real Estate Construction Joint Stock Company operated profitably.

The fair value as of December 31, 2020 of the investment in unpublicized entities has not yet provided specific and unified guidance on the method of determining fair value in accounting. of these investments. Therefore, the Company does not present the fair value of these investments.

3. Receivables from customers	31/12/2020		01/01/2	020	
-	Value	Provision	Value	Provision	
Short-time	39,760,183,726	-	43,745,445,522	(1,050,900,000)	
Collecting money from customers to buy Real Estate	39,313,515,226	-	42,694,545,522	-	
Receivables from customers					
Others	446,668,500	-	1,050,900,000	(1,050,900,000)	
Total	39,760,183,726	-	43,745,445,522	$\overline{(1,050,900,000)}$	
4. Prepayments to sellers	31/12/2	2020	01/01/2020		
<del>-</del>	Value	Provision	Value	Provision	
Short-time	82,085,604,171	(1,711,237,152)	61,089,755,137	-	
Winhouse Real Estate Investment and Trading Joint Stock Company (1)	14,433,249,849		15,847,786,439		
Huu Phuc Company Limited (2)	28,000,000,000	-	28,000,000,000	-	
Newland Real Estate Construction Joint Stock Company (3)	11,639,954,586	-	3,220,954,586	-	
Thanh Nam Partnership Auction Company (4)	17,490,000,000	-	-	-	
Other suppliers	10,522,399,736	(1,711,237,152)	14,021,014,112	-	
Total	82,085,604,171	(1,711,237,152)	61,089,755,137	-	
b. Prepayment to sellers as rela	ated parties				
Winhouse Real Estate	14,433,249,849	-	15,847,786,439	-	

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENT

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*Unit:* Vietnam dong

for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2020

Investment and Trading Joint
Stock Company

Newland Real Estate 11,639,954,586 - 3,220,954,586 - Construction Joint Stock
Company

Total 26,073,204,435 - 19,068,741,025 -

- (1) Advance to Winhouse Real Estate Investment and Trading Joint Stock Company under the brokerage contract No. 09/2020HDMG-TLG-TLL, 10/2020HDMG-TLG-TLL and 15/2020HDMG-TLG-TLL to act as a broker for projects.
- (2) Advance according to the deposit contract for land use right transfer No. 14/HDC-2019 dated May 16, 2019 and the annex to the contract of deposit for land use right transfer No. 14/HDC-2019 dated June 29, 2019. Huu Phuc Company Limited agrees to transfer all 59,000m2 of residential land under the Huu Phuc residential area project at address: Cau Rat hamlet, Tan Phuoc commune, Dong Phu district, Binh Phuoc province.
- (3) Advance according to the construction contract no. 0001/HD/2020/HS-NL dated October 11, 2020 for the overall implementation of the following items: Construction of Clubhouse building, Park 1653, Clubhouse Park, Swimming Pool, 1653h multi-purpose sports ground, Thang Loi Boulevard, Riverside Park, High-speed rotation park of Central Hill project.
- (4) Advance to participate in the auction of land use rights to implement the investment project to build infrastructure of Kien Tuong Bus Station Residential Area in Long An according to notice No. 187/TB-ĐGTS dated December 9, 2020.

5. Other receivables	31/12/20	020	01/01/2020		
-	Value	Provision	Value	Provision	
a. Short-time	32,773,869,780	(31,655,335)	132,244,045,343	(1,326,089,113)	
Social insurance payments	82,231,410	-	25,742,320	-	
Advances	1,400,567,061	-	25,693,442,815	-	
Collateral, deposits	40,000,000	-	60,000,000	-	
Other receivables	31,251,071,309	(31,655,335)	16,464,860,208	(1,326,089,113)	
Thang Loi Holding Investment Joint Stock Company (1)	20,000,000,000	-	-	-	
Other receivables	11,251,071,309	(31,655,335)	16,464,860,208	(1,326,089,113)	
Receivables from investment cooperation contracts (2)			90,000,000,000		

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENT

for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2020

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Total 32,7	773,869,780 (31,655,33	35) 132,244,045,343 (1,326,089,113)
------------	------------------------	-------------------------------------

- (1) Receivables from the transfer of shares of Vinatown Real Estate Investment Joint Stock Company according to the Minutes of the Board of Directors meeting No. 03/2020/BB-HĐQT dated March 27, 2020 on the divestment of contributed capital at Vinatown Real Estate Investment Joint Stock Company on March 27, 2020 and Share transfer contract signed on March 28, 2020.
- (2) The investment cooperation amount under the investment cooperation contract dated March 4, 2019 has been settled according to the Resolution of the Board of Directors No. 02/2020/NQ-HĐQT dated March 25, 2020 and the value of this investment cooperation is converted into payment for the share transfer contract No. 08/2020/HDCN-CTH dated March 25, 2020. Accordingly, the Group will take control of Central Hill Real Estate Joint Stock Company (formerly known as Son Ca Real Estate Joint Stock Company) from the date of completion of the transfer of legal rights and obligations of the contract of shares transfer as mentioned above.

### b. Other receivables from related parties

Thang Loi Riverside	_	-		6,760,344,76	5 -	-
Winhouse Real Estate Investment and Trading Joint Stock Company	118,904,110					
Thang Loi Holding Investment Joint Stock Company	20,000,000,000		-			-
Central Hill Real Estate Joint Stock Company	442,100,000	442,100,000		1,100,00	0 -	-
Thang Loi Tay Nguyen Real Estate Business Investment Joint Stock Company	210,000,000	210,000,000				-
Total	20,771,004,110		-	6,761,444,76	5 -	-
<b>6.</b> Bad debt (see page 39).						_
7. Inventory	31/12/2020			01/01/2	2020	
<del>-</del>	Original cost	Provision	Or	riginal cost	Provision	-
Raw materials	-		-	14,634,576	-	-
Tools and supplies	35,736,364		-	22,272,727	-	

- 401,047,925,961

- 232,863,375,362

104,626,642,537

Unfinished production and 243,314,119,076

business expenses

Central Hill project

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENT

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for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2020

36,798,582,190 47,340,591,261	- 5,544,541,225	-
30,798,382,190	-	-
26 700 502 100		
3,490,636,109	- 46,007,495,505	-
98,398,258,240	- 340,998,279	-
-	- 121,836,056,815	-
	3,490,636,109	98,398,258,240       -       340,998,279         3,490,636,109       -       46,007,495,505

The value of inventory which is stagnant, bad, deteriorating quality can not be sold at the end of the period: ..... None

### **8. Tangible fixed assets** see page 40

# 9. Intangible fixed assets

Items	Land use rights	Software program	Total
Cost/ Historical cost			
Beginning balance	110,440,252,288	204,000,000	110,644,252,288
Ending balance	110,440,252,288	204,000,000	110,644,252,288
Accumulated depreciation			
Beginning balance	-	161,500,000	161,500,000
Depreciation in the year	-	42,500,000	42,500,000
Ending balance	-	204,000,000	204,000,000
Net carrying amount			
Beginning balance	110,440,252,288	42,500,000	110,482,752,288
Ending balance	110,440,252,288	-	110,440,252,288

<sup>\*</sup> The residual value of the intangible fixed assets used for mortgage or pledge to secure loans: VND 110,440,252,288.

<sup>\*</sup> The cost of tangible fixed assets at the end of the year is fully depreciated but still in use: VND 204,000,000.

10. Prepaid expenses	31/12/2020	01/01/2020		
a. Short-term prepaid	548,300,092	237,601,719		
expenses				

<sup>-</sup> The value of inventories used for mortgaging or pledging to ensure the debts payable at the end of the Male. None

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENT

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*Unit:* Vietnam dong

for the	fiscal	vear	ended	December	31.	2020
Joi me	Juscui	y cci i	criaca	December	-1,	2020

	958,500,190 <b>402,217,364</b>	3,760,000,000 <b>6,205,246,543</b>
Cost of providing data information	958,500,190	3,760,000,000
Tools, devices used	895,417,082	2,207,644,824
b. Long-term prepaid 1,8 expenses	853,917,272	5,967,644,824
Tools, devices used	548,300,092	237,601,719

### 11. Payables to sellers

	Value	Repayable	Value	Repayable
a. Short-time	28,132,239,747	28,132,239,747	55,748,975,177	55,748,975,177
Thu Duc Housing Development Joint Stock Company (*)	9,289,670,131	9,289,670,131	9,289,670,131	9,289,670,131
Chau Viet Construction And Trading Production Co., Ltd	5,328,858,101	5,328,858,101	7,275,952,643	7,275,952,643
Hai Son Co., Ltd	-	-	24,537,921,896	24,537,921,896
Ngoc Son Construction Co., Ltd	-	-	7,339,315,611	7,339,315,611
Nam Phong Co., Ltd	4,243,470,000	4,243,470,000	-	-
Other suppliers	9,270,241,515	9,270,241,515	7,306,114,896	7,306,114,896
Total	28,132,239,747	28,132,239,747	55,748,975,177	55,748,975,177

<sup>(\*)</sup> According to the content of the meeting minutes on December 26, 2019 between the Company and Thu Duc Housing Development Joint Stock Company (TDH) because TDH has not completed the procedure to hand over 28 Land Use Right Certificates to the Company, so this payable has not paid as of December 31, 2020.

### b. Payables to related parties

Thang Loi Tay Nguyen Real Estate Business Investment Joint Stock Company	257,000,000	257,000,000	
Thang Loi Southern Real Estate Business Investment Joint Stock Company	857,839,851	857,839,851	

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENT

for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2020

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Total	1,114,839,851	1,114,839,851	-	-
12. Paid first by buyer			31/12/2020	01/01/2020
a. Short-time		<del>-</del>	47,320,340,320	103,552,869,890
Thanh Long Newtown Com	pany Limited (1)		8,890,133,003	85,577,816,241
Thang Loi Riverside Investr Company (2)	ment Joint Stock		23,496,062,688	-
Other objects			14,934,144,629	17,975,053,649
Total		-	47,320,340,320	103,552,869,890
b. Prepaid buyers are rela	ted parties			
Thanh Long Newtown Co.,	Ltd		8,890,133,003	85,577,816,241
Thang Loi Riverside Investr Company (2)	ment Joint Stock		23,496,062,688	-
Total		-	32,386,195,691	85,577,816,241

- (1) The Buyer pays in advance according to general sales agent contract No. 02/2020/HDĐDL-YT dated June 20, 2019. Thanh Long Newtown Co., Ltd. approves Thang Loi Real Estate Joint Stock Company to be the general sales agent of Real Estate under Young Town Project in Northwest of Saigon, Duc Lap Commune, Duc Hoa District, Long An Province.
- (2) The Buyer pays in advance according to the contract of the exclusive distribution agent of the J-Dragon project. Thang Loi Riverside Investment Joint Stock Company approves Thang Loi Real Estate Joint Stock Company to be the exclusive distribution agent for the Real Estates under Can Duoc Town Trading Residential Area Project (Project J- Dragon), in Can Duoc Town, Can Duoc District, Long An Province.

#### 13. Taxes and other payables to State budget

	01/01/2020	Payable in the year	Actually paid in the year	31/12/2020
Payables				
Value added tax	-	13,501,537,142	13,501,537,142	-
Corporate income tax.	9,445,507,471	21,601,796,830	14,530,366,037	16,516,938,264
Personal income tax	793,598,924	1,709,511,775	2,049,040,984	454,069,715
Other taxes	-	4,000,000	4,000,000	-
Fees, charges and other payable amounts		113,969,958	113,969,958	
Total	10,239,106,395	36,930,815,705	30,198,914,121	16,971,007,979

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENT

for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2020 Unit: Vietnam dong

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14. Accrued expenses	31/12/2020	01/01/2020
Short-time	7,502,429,20	60 32,385,458,416
Advance deduction for infrastructure construction costs of Thang Loi Central Hill project	9	- 11,256,844,277
Advance deduction for townhouse costs of Thang Loi Central Hill project		- 15,836,674,799
Advance deduction for landscape construction costs of Thang Lo Central Hill project	oi	- 3,205,139,145
Pre-deductions of Galaxy Hai Son project	7,502,429,20	- 60
Other deductions		- 2,086,800,195
Total	7,502,429,20	60 32,385,458,416
15. Other payables		
	31/12/2020	01/01/2020
a. Short-time		
Surplus of assets awaiting resolution	-	20,010,000
Union funds	112,750,045	101,151,665
Social insurance payments	2,508,740	9,546,955
Short-term deposit	3,465,000,000	15,600,000,000
Accounts payable for purchase of contributed capital	3,000,000,000	2,000,000,000
Payables from the agency contract for Thanh Long Newtown Co., Ltd	-	39,904,946,265
Accounts payable to related parties	9,190,168,415	31,591,062,688
Another payable as the deposit to buy Real Estate	185,413,908,259	352,563,528,681
Total	201,184,335,459	441,790,246,254
b. Long-term		
Long-term deposits received	125,000,000	105,000,000
Accounts payable to related parties	178,057,708,392	-
Thanh Long Newtown Co., Ltd. (i)	80,203,947,794	-
Thang Loi Riverside Investment Joint Stock Company (2)	45,371,974,598	-
Galaxy Real Estate Business Investment Joint Stock Company (3)	19,114,796,000	-

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENT

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Unit: Vietnam dong

for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2020

Newland Real Estate Construction Joint Stock Company (4)	33,366,990,000	-
Total	178,182,708,392	105,000,000

- (1) The Company borrowed money from Thanh Long Newtown Co., Ltd. under the capital support contract No. 01/2020/HDNT dated January 9, 2020. Borrowing period is 36 months, no collateral. The balance includes interest payable.
- (2) The company borrowed money from Thang Loi Riverside Investment Joint Stock Company under the capital support contract No. 03/2020/HDNT dated July 28, 2020. Borrowing period is 36 months, no collateral. The balance includes interest payable.
- (3) The company borrowed money from Galaxy Real Estate Business Investment Joint Stock Company under the capital support contract No. 04/2020/HDNT dated December 9, 2020. Borrowing period is 36 months, no collateral. The balance includes interest payable.
- (4) Newland Real Estate Construction Joint Stock Company under the capital support contract No. 05/2020/HDNT dated June 15, 2020. Borrowing period is 36 months, no collateral. The balance includes interest payable.

### c. Payable to related party

Thanh Long Newtown Co., Ltd	80,203,947,794	64,199,946,265
Thang Loi Riverside Investment Joint Stock Company (2)	45,371,974,598	4,296,062,688
Galaxy Real Estate Business Investment Joint Stock Company	19,114,796,000	-
Newland Real Estate Construction Joint Stock Company	33,366,990,000	-
Thang Loi Long An Real Estate JSC	6,388,438,000	-
Mr. Duong Long Thanh	2,801,730,415	3,000,000,000
Total	187,247,876,807	71,496,008,953

#### 16. Finance lease loans and debts

	31/12/	2020	01/01/2020		
	Value	Repayable	Value	Repayable	
a. Short-term borrowing	63,585,000,000	63,585,000,000	27,197,000,000	27,197,000,000	
(1) Saigon Commercial Joint Stock Bank for Industry and Trade - Cho Lon Branch	19,100,000,000	19,100,000,000	17,590,000,000	17,590,000,000	
(2) Ho Chi Minh City Development Commercial	44,485,000,000	44,485,000,000	9,607,000,000	9,607,000,000	

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENT

for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2020

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*Unit:* Vietnam dong

Joint Stock Bank				
b. Due long-term loans	11,685,445,884	11,685,445,884	24,352,556,376	24,352,556,376
Saigon Thuong Tin Commercial Joint Stock Bank - Tan Binh Branch	-	-	23,333,340,000	23,333,340,000
(1) Saigon Commercial Joint Stock Bank for Industry and Trade - Cho Lon Branch	79,200,000	79,200,000	79,200,000	79,200,000
(2) Ho Chi Minh City Development Commercial Joint Stock Bank	10,800,000,000	10,800,000,000	-	-
(3) Shinhan Bank Vietnam	806,245,884	806,245,884	940,016,376	940,016,376
c. Long-term borrowings	17,743,187,208	17,743,187,208	14,952,332,272	14,952,332,272
Saigon Thuong Tin Commercial Joint Stock Bank - Tan Binh Branch	-	-	11,666,650,000	11,666,650,000
(1) Saigon Commercial Joint Stock Bank for Industry and Trade - Cho Lon Branch	202,000,000	202,000,000	281,200,000	281,200,000
(2) Ho Chi Minh City Development Commercial Joint Stock Bank	15,800,000,000	15,800,000,000	-	-
(3) Shinhan Bank Vietnam	1,741,187,208	1,741,187,208	3,004,482,272	3,004,482,272
Total	93,013,633,092	93,013,633,092	66,501,888,648	66,501,888,648

#### Notes on bank loans

1. Loans from Saigon Commercial Joint Stock Bank for Industry and Trade, Cho Lon branch include the following loan contracts:

Contract of credit line No.: 49/2020/HĐDHMDP-PN on August 20, 2020. Loan limit: VND 19,100,000,000. Purpose of loan: Supplement working capital for business activities. Interest rate of 10%/year. The loan term does not exceed 9 months for each debt receipt. Collateral is 8 Real estates in Long An province with total value of 27,465,000 VND. Balance as of 31/12/2020 VND 19,100,000,000.

Credit Contract No. 38/2019/HDTDTL-PN on June 5, 2019. Loan amount: VND 400,000,000. Loan term: 60 months. Purpose of using the loan to buy a car. Interest rate: 9.5%/year; The collateral is a car according to the sales contract No. 050-1904/PMF-HDMB dated April 24, 2019. Balance at 31/12/2020 VND 281,200,000.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENT

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Unit: Vietnam dong

for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2020

2. Loans from Ho Chi Minh City Development Commercial Joint Stock Bank include the following loan contracts:

Credit Contract No. 15154/20MN/HDTD dated 17/6/2020. Loan amount: VND 32,000,000,000. Loan term: 36 months. Purpose of using loan capital to offset real estate transfer costs at 51 Kinh Duong Vuong, Ward 12, District 6, Ho Chi Minh City. Interest rate: According to each debt contract. Collateral is Real Estate located at 51 Kinh Duong Vuong, Ward 12, District 6, Ho Chi Minh City valued at 88.648,000,000 VND. Balance at 31/12/2020 VND 26,600,000,000.

Limited credit contract No. 38901/19MN/HDTD dated October 18, 2019 and Contract Appendix No. 38901 /19MN/HDTD/PL01 dated June 17, 2020, loan: VND 50,000,000,000. Loan term of 06 months, interest rate of 9.2%/year. The security measure is the guarantee of Mr. Duong Long Thanh and his wife (major shareholder of the credit grantee), mortgaging 04 real estates owned by Mr. Duong Long Thanh and Ms. Dao Thi Thao Uyen in Ben Luc district, Long An province. Balance at 31/12/2020 VND 34,270,000,000.

Contract of line credit No. 34611/20MN/HDTD dated November 3, 2020, loan: VND 50,000,000,000. Loan term: 12 months. Purpose of using loan capital to supplement working capital for business activities. Interest rate: According to each debt contract. Collateral is the mortgage of Real Estates owned by Mr. Duong Long Thanh and Ms. Dao Thi Thao Uyen in Ben Luc District, Long An Province and Real Estates owned by Thang Loi Real Estate Joint Stock Company in Ho Chi Minh City and Long An. Balance at 31/12/2020 VND 10,215,000,000.

3. Loans from Shinhan Bank Vietnam Ltd include the following loan contracts:

Contract	No.	SHBVN/Q	211/0810	2018/HDTD/CTTL	dated	October	8,	2018;
SHBVN/Q1	1/141	12018/HDTI	O/CTTL	dated	November	14,		2018;
SHBVN/Q1	1/031	22018/HDTI	O/CTTL	dated	December	3,		2018;
SHBVN/Q1	1/080	52019/HDTI	D/CTTL	dated	May	08,		2019;
SHBVN/Q1	1/230	52019/HDTI	D/CTTL	dated N	May 2	3, 20	19	and
SHBVN/Q1	1/020	52019/HDTI	O/CTTL o	dated May 2, 2019.	Loan term:	60 months.	Loan	interest
rates accord	ling to	specific loan	contract	s. Purpose of loan:	Buy cars. Co	ollateral is th	ie cai	r formed
from the loa	ın cont	ract.						

#### 17. Equity

#### a. Comparison table of changes in equity

Items	Capital contributed by the owner	Profit after tax not yet distributed	Total
Beginning balance of previous year	200,000,000,000	27,766,556,875	227,766,556,875
Profit	-	40,223,375,529	40,223,375,529
Ending balance of previous year	200,000,000,000	67,989,932,404	267,989,932,404
Beginning balance of current year	200,000,000,000	67,989,932,404	267,989,932,404

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENT

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Unit: Vietnam dong

for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2020

Stock dividends (1)	50,000,000,000	(50,000,000,000) -
Capital increase (2)	150,000,000,000	- 150,000,000,000
Profit	-	81,776,237,257 81,776,237,257
Deductions from welfare fund in 2019	-	(3,000,000,000) (3,000,000,000)
Ending balance of current year	400,000,000,000	96,766,169,661 496,766,169,661

- (1) On May 9, 2020, the Company issued an additional 5,000,000 ordinary shares with the issue price equal to par value to pay the 2019 dividend according to the Minutes of the General Meeting of Shareholders No. 01/2020/BB-DHDCD dated May 9, 2020.
- (2) On October 15, 2020, the Company issued an additional 15,000,000 ordinary shares at par value to the existing Shareholders of the Company according to the Minutes of the General Meeting of Shareholders No. 12/2020/BB-DHDCD dated October 15, 2020. The proceeds are used to purchase Thang Loi Riverside Investment Joint Stock Company.

### b. Details of the capital contribution of the owner

	Capital contribution ratio	31/12/2020	01/01/2020
Mr. Duong Long Thanh	83.74%	334,951,150,000	163,277,870,000
Mrs. Dao Thi Thao Uyen	0.63%	2,520,000,000	2,000,000,000
Mr. Nguyen Thanh Huyen	9.40%	37,610,090,000	30,024,070,000
Winhouse real estate Business Investment			
Joint Stock Company	4.69%	18,750,000,000	-
Other shareholders	1.54%	6,168,760,000	4,698,060,000
Total	100.00%	400,000,000,000	200,000,000,000
c. Capital transactions with owners and distributed dividends, profit division	ribution of	Year 2020	Year 2019
Capital contributed by the owner			
Capital at beginning of the year		200,000,000,000	200,000,000,000
Capital increase in the year		200,000,000,000	-
Capital at ending of the year		400,000,000,000	200,000,000,000
Distributed dividends, profits		-	-
d. Stock	•	31/12/2020	01/01/2020

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENT

for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2020

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Unit: Vietnam dong

Number of shares to be registered to issue			
Number of sold-to-public shares		40,000,000	20,000,000
Common shares		40,000,000	20,000,000
Number of outstanding shares		40,000,000	20,000,000
Common shares		40,000,000	20,000,000
* Number of shares in circulation VND/share.		10,000	10,000
18. Items outside the balance sheet			
31/12/2	020	01/01	/2020
	Value		Value
Bad debts treated -	2,376,989,1	13 -	-
VI. ADDITIONAL INFORMATION FOR ITEM	IS IN REPO	ORT ON BUSINESS	S RESULTS
1. Revenues from sales and services		<b>Year 2020</b>	<b>Year 2019</b>
a. Revenue			
Real estate sales revenue		492,339,308,620	341,603,917,408
Real estate brokerage revenue		87,873,435,378	6,706,164,037
Business cooperation revenue		-	1,196,087,671
Total	-	580,212,743,998	349,506,169,116
b. Revenue for related parties	-	Year 2020	Year 2019
Thanh Long Newtown Co., Ltd		87,873,435,378	-
Newland Real Estate Construction Joint Stock Company		270,000,000	-
Total	-	88,143,435,378	-
2. Revenue deductions	-	Year 2020	Year 2019
Returned goods		7,837,726,900	8,350,898,022
Total	·	7,837,726,900	8,350,898,022
3. Net revenues from sale of goods and rendering services	of	Year 2020	Year 2019
Net sales of goods Real estate		484,501,581,720	333,253,019,386
		05.050.405.650	

87,873,435,378

6,706,164,037 1,196,087,671

Real estate brokerage net revenue

Business cooperation revenue

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENT

for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2020

Form B 09 - DN
Unit: Vietnam dong

Total	572,375,017,098	341,155,271,094
4. Cost of goods	Year 2020	Year 2019
Cost of goods Real estate sold	309,615,034,387	175,920,785,614
Real estate brokerage cost	47,505,669,698	7,770,369,266
Total	357,120,704,085	183,691,154,880
Financial income	Year 2020	Year 2019
Interest on deposits, loans	10,395,925,040	555,199,981
Interest on deferred sales	35,247,960	80,161,606
Total	10,431,173,000	635,361,587
Expenses from financial activities	Year 2020	Year 2019
Interest expense	18,082,194,909	7,638,574,289
Provision for investment loss	7,520,351,390	-
Total	25,602,546,299	7,638,574,289
5. Cost of sales and administrative expenses	Year 2020	<b>Year 2019</b>
a. Selling expenses		
Expenses for Employees	1,346,465,855	10,144,726,435
Expenses of tools and utensils	12,325,783	336,149,668
Fixed asset depreciation costs	765,500,001	765,499,992
Expenses for outsourcing	32,447,239,308	44,694,196,867
Brokerage fees, agency commissions, collaborators	29,187,621,655	41,994,049,470
Other expenses	3,259,617,653	2,700,147,397
Other expenses	393,718,438	2,039,838,761
Total	34,965,249,385	57,980,411,723
b. General and administration expenses		
Expenses for Employees	33,017,047,686	17,771,039,591
Cost of materials, packaging	-	4,000,000
Stationery expenses	2,115,344,569	2,361,889,043
Fixed asset depreciation costs	5,539,871,857	4,826,107,295
Taxes, fees and charges	35,357,196	1,984,498,550

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENT

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for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2020	Unit: \	Vietnam dong
Provision for bad receivables	1,742,892,487	1,188,494,557
Expenses for outsourcing	2,925,698,733	5,116,162,626
Other expenses	12,985,364,702	8,426,859,303
Total	58,361,577,230	41,679,050,965
8. Other income	Year 2020	Year 2019
Fines collected	1,041,036,879	87,180,154
Others	248,929,254	393,211,908
Total	1,289,966,133	480,392,062
9. Other expenses	Year 2020	Year 2019
The residual value of the fixed asset and the cost of liquidation or sale of the fixed asset;	37,095,084	-
Penalties	726,223,730	514,974,875
Others	3,904,726,331	37,182,011
Total	4,668,045,145	552,156,886
10. Cost of production and business by factor	Year 2020	Year 2019
Construction cost and land value	309,615,034,387	181,864,649,998
Labor expenses	34,363,513,541	27,915,766,026
Expenses of fixed asset depreciation	6,329,272,695	5,561,075,748
Expenses for outsourcing	35,372,938,041	49,810,359,493
Other monetary expenses	15,542,110,688	15,153,235,325
Total	401,222,869,352	280,305,086,590
11. Current corporate income tax expense	Year 2020	Year 2019
1. Accounting gross profit before tax	103,378,034,087	50,729,676,000
2. Amounts adjusted to increase or decrease accounting profits to determine taxable profits for enterprises to access:	4,630,950,061	711,772,226
- Increasing adjusted	4,630,950,061	711,772,226
Expenses that are not deductible	4 620 050 061	711 .772.226
zarponsos mai are not academent	4,630,950,061	/11 .//2.220
3. Taxable income in the current year (1+2)	4,630,950,061 108,008,984,148	51,441,448,226
•		

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENT

for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2020

Form B 09 - DN
Unit: Vietnam dong

previous years to the current income rent expense this year

6. Total costs of current corporate income tax

21.601.796.830

10,506,300,471

### VII. Objectives and policies of financial risk management

Key risks from financial instruments include market risk, credit risk and liquidity risk. The Board of Directors considers and applies management policies for these risks as follows:

#### 1. Market risk

Market risk is the risk that the fair value of future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate with changes in market prices. There are three types of market risk: interest rate risk, currency risk and other price risk, such as equity price risk. Financial instruments exposed to market risk include loans and debt, deposits, and available-for-sale investments.

The sensitivity analyzes presented below relate to the financial position of the Company as of December 31, 2020 and December 31, 2019.

These sensitivity analyzes have been prepared on the basis of the net debt value, the ratio of fixed-rate debt to floating-rate debt, and the correlation ratio between financial instruments denominated in foreign currency remains unchanged.

In calculating sensitivity analyses, management assumes that the sensitivities of available-forsale debt instruments on the balance sheet and related items of income statement are affected by changes in assumptions about the respective market risk. This analysis is based on the financial assets and liabilities held by the Company as of December 31, 2020 and December 31, 2019.

#### Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate with changes in market interest rates. The Company's market risk due to changes in interest rates mainly relates to the Company's loans and debts, cash and short-term deposits.

The Company manages interest rate risk by analyzing the competitive situation in the market to obtain interest rates that are favorable for the Company's purposes and remain within its risk management limits.

### Sensitivity to interest rates

The sensitivity of the Company's (loans and debt, cash and short-term deposits) to a reasonably probable change in interest rates is shown below.

Assuming that other variables remain unchanged, changes in interest rates on floating interest rate (loans) have the following effects on the Company's profit before tax:

Base Impact on profit gain/decrease before tax

**Current year** 

+200 (1,302,644,474)

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENT

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(142,725,645)

-100

for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2020	Unit	: Vietnam dong
	-200	1,302,644,474
Previous year		
VND	+100	142,725,645

The basis point increase/decrease used for interest rate sensitivity analysis is assumed based on current observable market conditions. These conditions show a slightly higher volatility than in previous periods.

### Foreign currency risk

Currency risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate with changes in the exchange rate. The Company is exposed to the risk of changes in foreign exchange rates directly related to its business activities in currencies other than Vietnam Dong.

The company manages foreign currency risk by considering the current and expected market when the Company plans future transactions in foreign currencies. The Company does not use any derivative financial instruments to hedge its foreign currency risk.

### Foreign currency sensitivity

The Company has not performed a sensitivity analysis for foreign currencies because the risks from changes in foreign currencies at the date of the financial statements are negligible.

#### **Real Estate Risks**

The Company has identified the following risks associated with its Real Estate portfolio: (i) project costs may increase if there is a delay in the planning process. The Company hires consultants who specialize in specific planning within the scope of the project in order to reduce risks that may arise during the planning process; (ii) fair value risk of the Real Estate portfolio due to market and buyer fundamentals.

#### 2. Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk that a party to a financial instrument or customer contract will fail to meet its obligations, resulting in a financial loss. The Company is exposed to credit risk from its business activities (primarily for trade receivables) and from its financial operations including bank deposits and other financial instruments.

#### **Receivables from customers**

The company minimizes credit risk by only dealing with units with good financial ability. The company regularly monitors closely receivables to urge recovery. On this basis, and the Company's receivables relate to many different customers, credit risk is not concentrated on a certain customer.

#### **Bank deposits**

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENT

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*Unit:* Vietnam dong

for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2020

The company mainly maintains deposits at large reputable banks in Vietnam. The company found that the concentration of credit risk for bank deposits was low.

The Board of General Directors of the Company assesses that most of the financial assets are mature and not impaired as these financial assets are related to customers with good reputation and ability to pay.

### 3. Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company has difficulty in fulfilling its financial obligations due to lack of capital. Liquidity risk of the Company mainly arises from financial assets and financial liabilities with different maturity dates.

The Company monitors liquidity risk by maintaining an adequate amount of cash and cash equivalents and

bank loans to the extent that the Board of Management considers sufficient to meet the Company's operations and to minimize the effects of fluctuations in cash flows.

The following table summarizes the payment terms of the Company's financial liabilities based on the expected contractual payments on an undiscounted basis:

December 31, 2020	Under 1 year	1-5 years	Over 5 years		Total
Loans and debts	75,270,445,884	17,743,187,208		-	93,013,633,092
Payables to sellers	28,132,239,747	-		-	28,132,239,747
Other payables and payables and payable expenses	208,571,505,934	178,182,708,392			386,754,214,326
Total	311,974,191,565	195,925,895,600		-	507,900,087,165
<b>31 December 2019</b>	Under 1 year	1-5 years	Over 5 years		Total
Loans and debts	51,549,556,376	14,952,332,272		-	66,501,888,648
Payables to sellers	55,748,975,177	-		-	55,748,975,177
Other payables and payables	474,044,996,050	105,000,000			474,149,996,050
and payable expenses					

The company has sufficient access to funds and loans maturing within 12 months can be renewed with existing lenders.

#### Collateral

The Company has used land use rights and tangible assets as collateral for loans from banks (Note V.16 - Loans and financial lease liabilities).

The company is using third-party land use rights on December 31, 2019 and December 31,

2020 to secure loans from banks (Note V.16 - Loans and financial lease liabilities).

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENT

for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2020

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*Unit:* Vietnam dong

The fair value of financial assets and financial liabilities is stated at the amount to which the financial instrument could be converted in a current transaction between the parties, unless it is required to sell or liquidate.

The Company uses the following methods and assumptions to estimate fair value:

The fair value of cash and short-term deposits, trade receivables, trade payables and other short-term liabilities is equivalent to the carrying amount of these items as a result of these instruments as short term.

Except for the foregoing, the fair values of financial assets and long-term financial liabilities have not been measured and measured formally as of December 31, 2020 and December 31, 2019 respectively. However, the Board of General Directors judges that the fair value of these financial assets and financial liabilities are not materially different from the book value at the end of the financial year.

## IX. ADDITIONAL INFORMATION FOR ITEMS PRESENTED IN THE CASH FLOW STATEMENT

#### 1. Non-cash transactions affect cash flow statement

Cash outlays during the year for investment expenses to contribute capital to other entities, but excluding the amount of 90,000,000,000 VND, which is an additional amount incurred but offset against loan recovery, so this amount is adjusted correspondingly with the target of loan recovery and resale of debt instruments of other entities.

### 2. Amount actually borrowed in the year

	Year 2020	<b>Year 2019</b>
- Proceeds from ordinary borrowing;	178,792,660,362	56,947,000,000
3. Amount actually repaid in the year		
	<b>Year 2020</b>	<b>Year 2019</b>
- Repayment under ordinary loan	(152,280,915,918)	(66,391,842,992)

#### X. OTHER INFORMATION

### 1. Potential debts, commitments and other financial information

No contingent liabilities, commitments and financial information arising as of the balance sheet date are disclosed in the financial statements.

### 2. Events arising after the date of the end of the financial year

No significant events have occured since the balance sheet date require adjustments or disclosures in the Financial Statements.

### 3. Transactions with related parties

### List of relevant parties

Relationship

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENT

Unit: Vietnam dong

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Subsidiary				
Thang Loi Riverside Investment Joint Stock Company		Subsidiary		
Thanh Long Newtown Co., Ltd		Subsid	liary	
Central Hill Real Estate Joint Stock Company		Subsid	liary	
Associated company				
Thang Loi Southern Real Estate Business Investment Joint S Company	tock	Associ	ated company	
Thang Loi Tay Nguyen Real Estate Business Investment Join Company	nt Stock	Associ	ated company	
Thang Loi Long An Real Estate JSC		Associ	ated company	
Newland Real Estate Construction Joint Stock Company		Associ	ated company	
Other related companies				
Thang Loi Holding Investment Joint Stock Company			Other related companies	
Galaxy Real Estate Business Investment Joint Stock Company	ny	Other related companies		
Winhouse Real Estate Investment and Trading Joint Stock Company		Other	related companies	
Mr. Duong Long Thanh		Individ	duals involved	
During the year, the Company had the following major transactions with related parties	Year 20	20	Year 2019	
+ Sales and service provision				
Thanh Long Newtown Co., Ltd	87,873,4	35,378	-	
Newland Real Estate Construction Joint Stock Company	270,0	- 000,000		
+ Other income				
Thang Loi Southern Real Estate Business Investment Joint 17,504,5 Stock Company		04,546		
+ Buy goods and receive services provided				
Winhouse Real Estate Investment and Trading Joint Stock Company	(46,426,87	(1,543)	(13,987,903,238)	
Newland Real Estate Construction Joint Stock Company	(2,348,00	0,000)	(5,707,418,866)	
Thang Loi Southern Real Estate Business Investment Joint Stock Company	(779,85	(4,410)	-	
Thang Loi Tay Nguyen Real Estate Business Investment Joint Stock Company	(233,63	6,364)	-	

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENT

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for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2020	Uni	it: Vietnam dong
Thang Loi Long An Real Estate JSC	(967,031,605)	-
+ Capital support interest		
Thang Loi Riverside Investment Joint Stock Company	10,239,643,834	-
Winhouse Real Estate Investment and Trading Joint Stock Company	118,904,110	-
During the year, the Company had the following major transactions with related parties	<b>Year 2020</b>	<b>Year 2019</b>
+ Capital support fee		
Thanh Long Newtown Co., Ltd	(5,446,179,583)	-
Thang Loi Long An Real Estate JSC	(316,438,000)	-
Newland Real Estate Construction Joint Stock Company	(1,954,990,000)	-
Galaxy Real Estate Business Investment Joint Stock Company	(46,796,000)	-
Major balances with related parties as of the balance sheet date:	31/12/2020	01/01/2020
+ Other receivables from related parties		
Central Hill Real Estate Joint Stock Company	442,100,000	1,100,000
Thang Loi Tay Nguyen Real Estate Business Investment Joint Stock Company	210,000,000	-
Thang Loi Holding Investment Joint Stock Company	20,000,000,000	-
Winhouse Real Estate Investment and Trading Joint Stock Company	118,904,110	-
Thang Loi Riverside Investment Joint Stock Company	-	6,760,344,765
+ Prepayment to related parties		
Newland Real Estate Construction Joint Stock Company	11,639,954,586	3,220,954,586
Winhouse Real Estate Investment and Trading Joint Stock Company	14,433,249,849	15,847,786,439
+ Prepaid buyers are related parties		
Thanh Long Newtown Co., Ltd	(8,890,133,003)(	85,577,816,241)
Thang Loi Riverside Investment Joint Stock Company (2)	(23,496,062,688)	-
Major balances with related parties as of the balance sheet date:	31/12/2020	01/01/2020

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENT

Form B 09 - DN

*Unit:* Vietnam dong

for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2020

Dovobles to related parties			
+ Payables to related parties			
Thang Loi Tay Nguyen Real Estat Joint Stock Company	e Business Investment	(257,000,000)	-
Thang Loi Southern Real Estate Business Investment Joint Stock Company		(857,839,851)	-
+ Other payables as related parties	k		
Thanh Long Newtown Co., Ltd		(80,203,947,794)	(64,199,946,265)
Thang Loi Riverside Investment J	oint Stock Company (2)	(45,371,974,598)	(4,296,062,688)
Galaxy Real Estate Business Investorment	stment Joint Stock	(19,114,796,000)	-
Newland Real Estate Construction	Joint Stock Company	(33,366,990,000)	-
Thang Loi Long An Real Estate JS	SC	(6,388,438,000)	-
Mr. Duong Long Thanh		(2,801,730,415)	(3,000,000,000)
+ Income of Board of Directors and Board of General Directors		Year 2020	Year 2019
Key members	Salaries and bonuses	1,768,445,180	1,565,630,228
Total		1,768,445,180	1,565,630,228
4 D 4 11 '	1, 1 , 61	1 1	· 1'

- 4. Present revenue and business results by segment of key segment report: by business lines
- a. Income Statement of segments by business fields for the year 2020

as of December 31, 2020, the Company reported its activities by business lines: Real estate trading, real estate brokerage is analyzed revenue and cost price as follows:

<b>Business field</b>	Net sales	<b>Cost-price</b>	<b>Gross profit</b>
Selling Real Estate	484,501,581,720	309,615,034,387	174,886,547,333
Real Estate Brokerage	87,873,435,378	47,505,669,698	40,367,765,680
Total	572,375,017,098	357,120,704,085	215,254,313,013

b. Income Statement of segments by business fields for the year 2019

as of December 31, 2019, the Company reported its activities by business lines: Real estate commodity trading, real estate brokerage and business cooperation are analyzed revenue and cost price as follows:

<b>Business field</b>	Net sales	<b>Cost-price</b>	<b>Gross profit</b>
Selling Real Estate	333,253,019,386	175,920,785,614	157,332,233,772
Real Estate Brokerage	6,706,164,037	7,770,369,266	(1,064,205,229)

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENT

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for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2020

Unit: Vietnam dong

Business cooperation

1,196,087,671

1,196,087,671

**Total** 

341,155,271,094 183,691,154,880 157,464,116,214

**5. Information about continuous operation:** The company continues to operate in the future.

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENT

for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2020

Unit: Vietnam dong

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## V.6 Bad debts

	Original cost	Value can be recovered	Object of debt	Original cost	Value can be recovered	Object of debt
- Bad debts (Total value of receivables, loans overdue or not overdue but difficult to recover)	5,499,685,494	3,756,793,007		2,376,989,113		-
Global Land Investment And Service Joint Stock Company	-	-		2,376,989,113		-Receivables overdue for more than 3 years
Pacific Infrastructure Project Development and Investment Joint Stock Company	296,750,000		Receivables overdue for more than 3 years	-		-
Other customers	31,655,335		Receivables overdue for more than 3 years	-		-
Phuc Dien Construction Design Co., Ltd	5,171,280,159	, , ,	Receivables overdue from 1 - less than 2 years	-		-

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENT

for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2020

Unit: Vietnam dong

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## V.8. Tangible fixed assets

Items	House, building materials	Devices and equipment	Means of transport	Equipment, management tools	Total
Cost/ Historical cost					
Beginning balance	14,995,548,614	3,568,326,285	11,738,535,419	560,343,544	30,862,753,862
Purchase in the year	-	1,863,152,727	-	1,074,181,818	2,937,334,545
Basic construction investment is completed	97,454,545	-	-	-	97,454,545
Liquidate, sale	-	5,431,479,012	(1,002,936,364)	-	(1,002,936,364)
Ending balance	15,093,003,159	-	10,735,599,055	1,634,525,362	32,894,606,588
Accumulated depreciation					
Beginning balance	2,985,287,501	785,270,512	3,211,626,214	94,536,608	7,076,720,835
Depreciation in the year	2,983,109,724	1,070,539,275	1,928,586,381	304,537,315	6,286,772,695
Liquidate, sale	-	-	(202,204,916)	-	(202,204,916)
Ending balance	5,968,397,225	1,855,809,787	4,938,007,679	399,073,923	13,161,288,614
Net carrying amount					
Beginning balance	12,010,261,113	2,783,055,773	8,526,909,205	465,806,936	23,786,033,027
Ending balance	9,124,605,934	3,575,669,225	5,797,591,376	1,235,451,439	19,733,317,974

<sup>\*</sup> The residual value of the intangible fixed assets used for mortgage or pledge to secure loans: VND 12,689,351,394.

<sup>\*</sup> The cost of tangible fixed assets at the end of the year is fully depreciated but still in use: VND 946,527,273.